# SAFETY DATA SHEET



MOBIL SHC GEAR 320

## **Section 1. Identification**

**Product name** : MOBIL SHC GEAR 320

**Product description** : synthetic base stocks and additives

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** : Gear oil

**Uses advised against** : This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use

other than the Identified Uses above.

Supplier : ExxonMobil Lubricants Private Limited

(CIN: U74899KA1994PTC107405)

5th Floor, Crescent #1

Prestige Shantiniketan Building, Whitefield Main Road

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24 Hour Emergency

**Telephone** 

: 000 800 1007 141/+91 8071 279 207 (CHEMTREC)

**Supplier General Contact** : +91-80-42510110

E-Mail : csindia-orders@exxonmobil.com

**SDS Internet Address** : www.sds.exxonmobil.com

#### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

This material is considered to be hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see

Section 15).

#### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

**Hazard pictograms** 



**Hazard statements** : H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** : P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, **Disposal** 

national and international regulations.

**Contains** : o,o,o-triphenyl phosphorothioate

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

Nota : This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in

Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	Identifiers
benzenamine, n-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	≤1	CAS: 68411-46-1
o,o,o-triphenyl phosphorothioate	≤0.3	CAS: 597-82-0
kerosine (petroleum)	≤0.3	CAS: 8008-20-6
1h-benzotriazole-1-methanamine, n,n-bis(2-ethylhexyl)-ar-methyl-	≤0.3	CAS: 94270-86-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation

occurs.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

**Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may

significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed

person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Local necrosis as evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few

hours after injection.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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## Section 5. Firefighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, sulfur oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Assure an extended cooling down period to prevent reignition. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### **NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES**

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. US regulations require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the applicable reportable quantity or oil spills which could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks. The National Response Center can be reached at (800)424-8802.

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Remove from the

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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants. Warn other shipping. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### Static Accumulator

: This material is a static accumulator. A liquid is typically considered a nonconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m (100x10E-12 Siemens per meter) and is considered a semiconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m. Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same. A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, anti-static additives and filtration can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
1-dodecene, polymer with 1-octene,	ExxonMobil (COMPANY)	
hydrogenated	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Aerosols (thoracic fraction).	
1-decene, homopolymer hydrogenated	ExxonMobil (COMPANY)	
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Aerosols (thoracic fraction).	
1-dodecene, polymer with 1-decene,	ExxonMobil (COMPANY)	
hydrogenated	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Aerosols (thoracic fraction).	
1-decene, polymer with 1-octene and	ExxonMobil (COMPANY)	
1-dodecene, hydrogenated	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Aerosols (thoracic fraction).	
ditridecyl adipate	ExxonMobil (COMPANY)	
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³.	
kerosine (petroleum)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Kerosene] Absorbed through	
	skin.	
	TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³ (as total hydrocarbon vapor).	
	ExxonMobil (COMPANY) Absorbed through skin.	
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Stable Aerosol	

MOBIL SHC GEAR 320

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m3. Form: Vapour..

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

# Appropriate engineering controls

**Environmental exposure** controls

- : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Colorless to Yellow
Odour : Characteristic
Odour threshold : Not available.

PH : Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

**Boiling point or initial** : >315.56°C (>600°F)

boiling point and boiling range

Flash point : Open cup: >210°C (>410°F) [ASTM D-92]

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability : Ignitable
Lower and upper explosion
limit/flammability limit : Lower: 0.9%
Upper: 7%

Vapour pressure : <0.1 mm Hg [20 °C]

**Relative vapour density** : >2 [Air = 1]

Relative density : 0.86 [ASTM D4052]

Solubility in water
Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: >3.5

: Negligible

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

**Viscosity** : 320 cSt [40 °C] [ASTM D 445]

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Pour point : -33°C [ASTM D5950]

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : High energy sources of ignition. Excessive heat.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidisers

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

SADT : Not available.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name T	Test	Species	Result	Duration
1h-benzotriazole- LI 1-methanamine, n,n-bis (2-ethylhexyl)-ar-methyl-	D50 Oral	Rat	3313 mg/kg	-

#### Conclusion/Summary

Inhalation : Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the

components.

Dermal : Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the

components.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

: Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin

: Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.

**Eyes** 

: May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.

Respiratory

: Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures. No end point data for material.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin

: Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.

Respiratory

: Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. No end point data for material.

<u>Mutagenicity</u>

Conclusion/Summary

: Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not expected to cause cancer. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC
kerosine (petroleum)	3

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure. No end point data for material.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Target organs
MOBIL SHC GEAR 320	Not applicable.	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.

#### Aspiration hazard

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physico-chemical properties of the material. Data available.

#### **Other information**

**Contains** 

: Synthetic base oils: Not expected to cause significant health effects under conditions of normal use, based on laboratory studies with the same or similar materials. Not mutagenic or genotoxic. Not sensitising in test animals and humans. Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (substituted DPA): Results from a supplier's extended one-generation dietary study with 10-week pre-mating administration of substituted DPA included decreased body weight and body weight gains in parental females during gestation and lactation, decreased number of implantation sites and decreased mean litter size. A representative formulation containing substituted DPA was tested in a rat oral gavage reproductive/ developmental toxicity screening study (OECD TG 421) with a 10-week pre-mating administration period. Study results included decreased body weight and body weight gain starting in pre-mating and continuing through gestation and lactation in parental females, decreased number of implantation sites and decreasing trend in litter size. A

# Section 11. Toxicological information

5 wt% classification threshold for the reproductive effects of substituted DPA was derived based on the NOAEL (50 mg/kg/day) and is consistent with the NOAEL in the supplier's study.

## Section 12. Ecological information

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

#### **Toxicity**

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Acute toxicity : Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

Chronic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not determined.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not determined.

#### **Mobility in soil**

**Mobility** 

: Base oil component -- Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids. Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land.

#### Other ecological information

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	ADR	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (0,0,0- triphenyl phosphorothioate)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (0,0,0- triphenyl phosphorothioate)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (o,o,o-triphenyl phosphorothioate)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9
Label(s) / Mark(s)	<b>★</b> 2	<b>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>	<b>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

#### **Additional information**

**ADR** 

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

Hazard identification number 90

Limited quantity 5 L

**Special provisions** 274, 335, 601, 375

Tunnel code (-)

**IMDG** 

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

Emergency schedules F-A, S-F Special provisions 274, 335, 969

IATA

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

**Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Cargo Aircraft Only: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y964. Special provisions A97, A158, A197, A215

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

This material is considered to be hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see Section 15).

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

#### **Inventory list**

**Australia inventory (AIIC)** : All components are listed or exempted. Canada inventory (DSL-NDSL) : All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC)

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## Section 15. Regulatory information

Japan inventory (CSCL) : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (Industrial Safety and : All components are listed or exempted.

Health Act)

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

: All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS) : All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI) : All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory : All components are listed or exempted. (TCSI)

United States inventory (TSCA 9h)

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

**History** 

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Product code** : 2015604090B0\_1166251

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